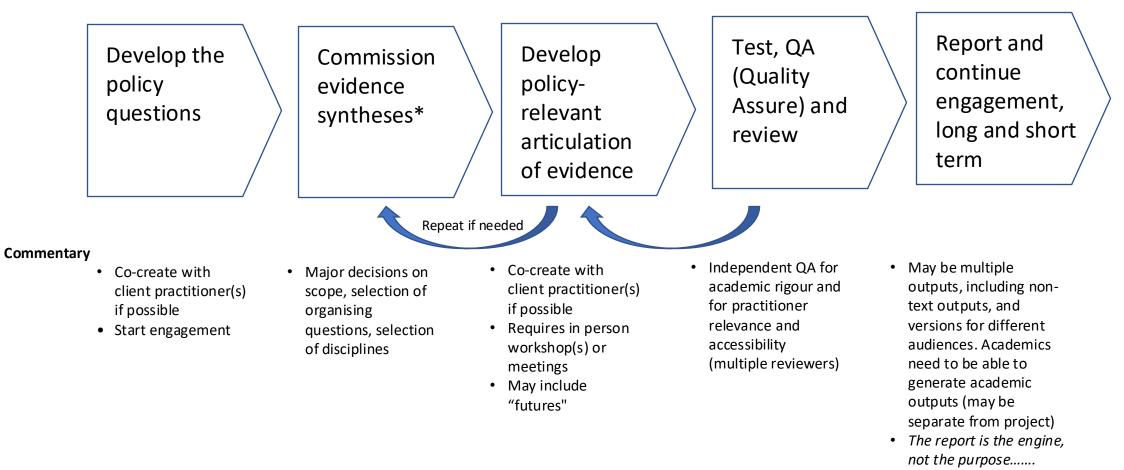
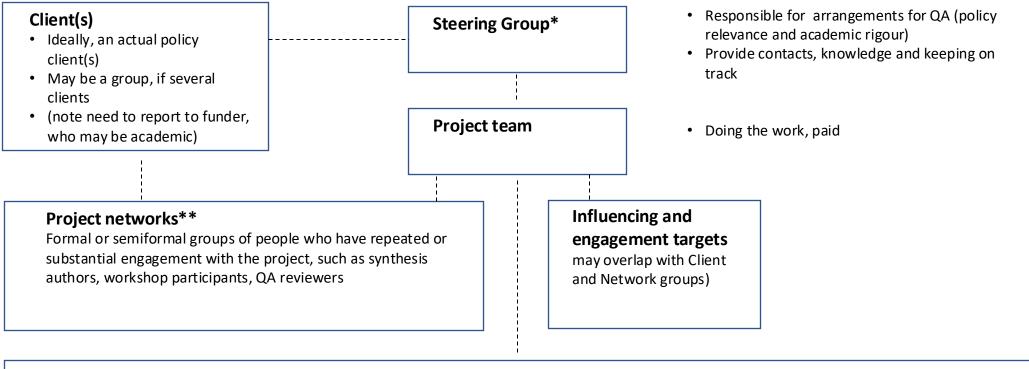
STRUCTURE OF A GENERIC EVIDENCE-GATHERING EXERCISE



* Robust state-of-the-knowledge, preferably peer-reviewed within discipline, and provided with layperson versions

GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS AND STRUCTURES FOR A GENERIC EVIDENCE-GATHERING EXERCISE

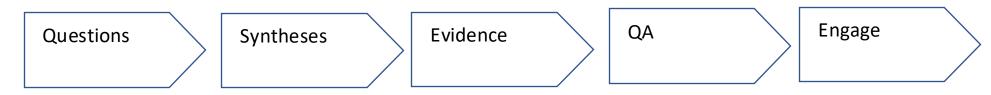


Wider project stakeholder networks for evidence and engagement (impact) Includes all individuals and organisations engaging in any way, but kept on a distribution list for future events, material and work.

Terms such as steering, advisory, and stakeholder, and Board and Group, are used in overlapping ways. Most important is to define the functions of each part specifically for the project

** Terms such as stakeholder and network are also used in various and overlapping ways. Major stakeholders are the client and funder.

STORYLISTENING AS A COMPLETE PROJECT <u>OR</u> AS AN ELEMENT OF A PROJECT WITH A PLURALISTIC EVIDENCE BASE



Commentary applying to narrative evidence

- Co-creation of questions where narrative evidence is potentially particularly useful
- Questions should be informed by the storylistening framework (four functions)
- Apply storylistening framework within each synthesis commission and product
- Major decisions on selection of :
- Types of story (eg geography, genre, medium, language, nature of source)
- Disciplines (eg literature, many other humanities!) and sub-disciplines
- Authors

- Apply storylistening framework to the design of events and reports
- Include narrative futures methods if sufficient time and resource
- Note that peer review of humanities syntheses papers may require careful handling
- Consider new forms of use of narrative outputs